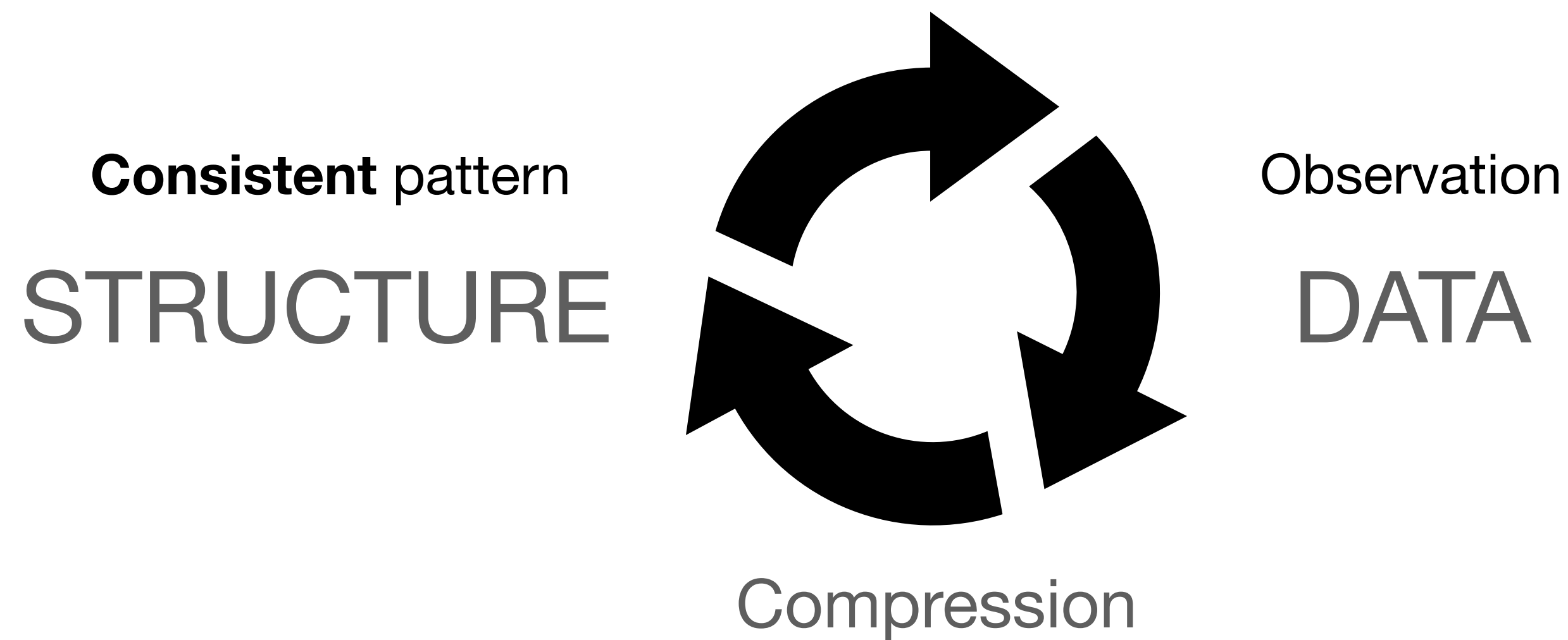




# From First Principles to AI

Rethinking Modelling in Sports Science

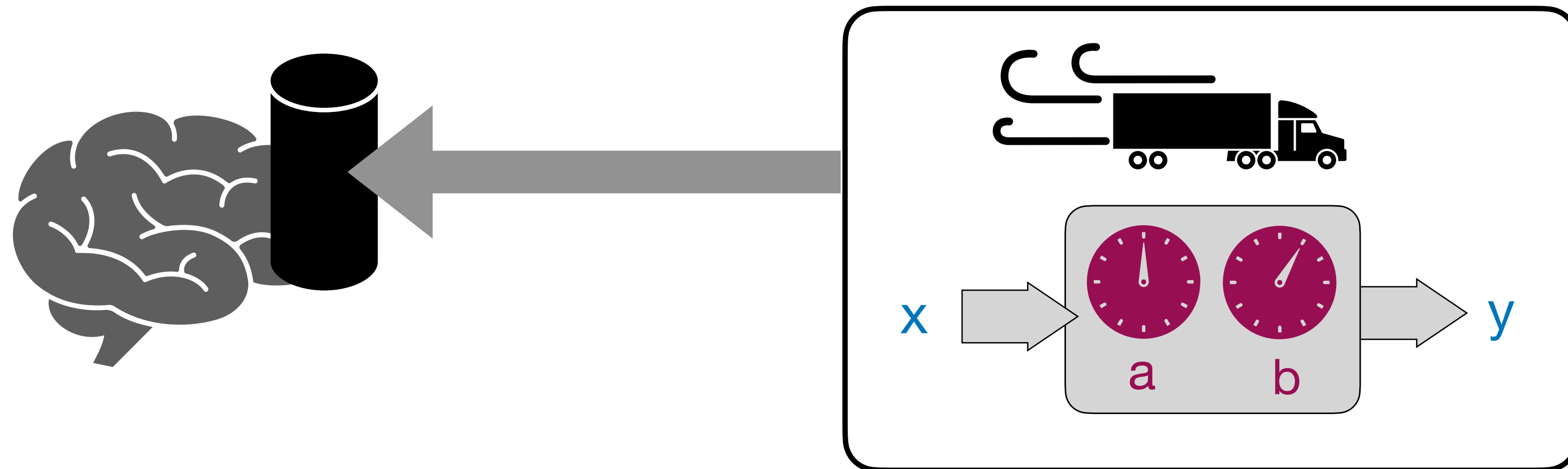
The scientific revolution begun  
when we started sharing  
discoveries systematically.



The scientific revolution begun  
when we started sharing  
discoveries systematically.

---

Our brains do not store examples, or observations. We store  
patterns, the stats, the laws, the principles, the models.

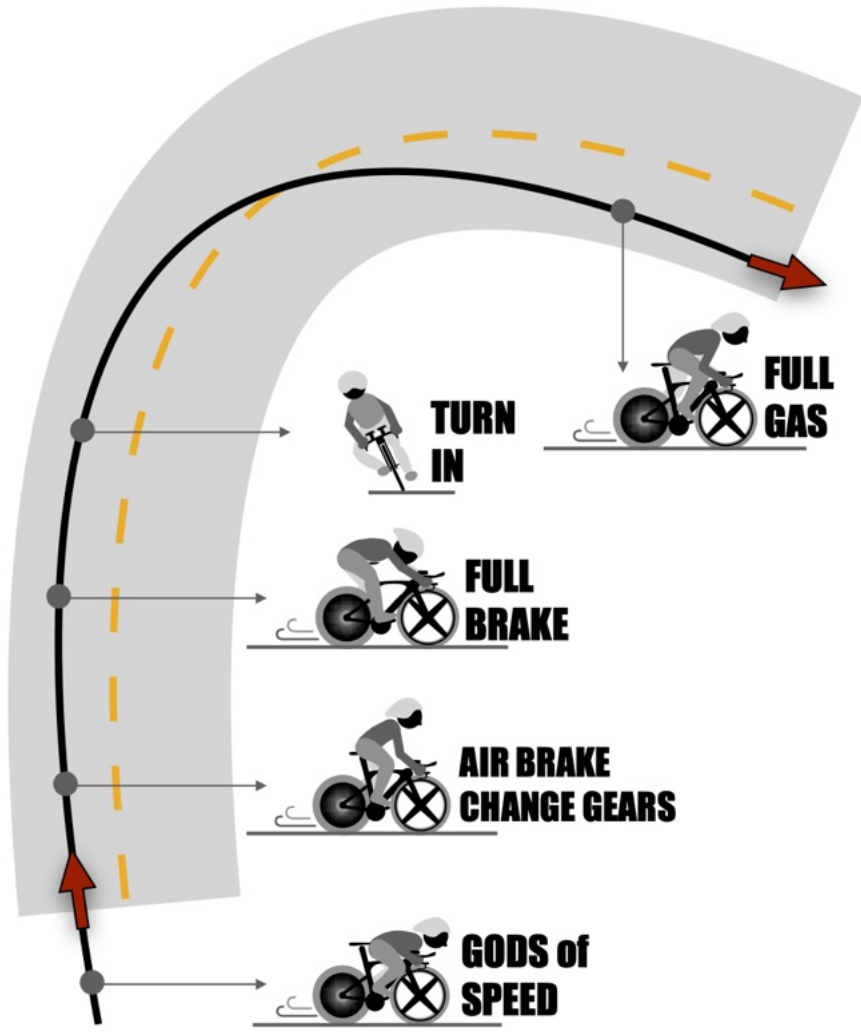
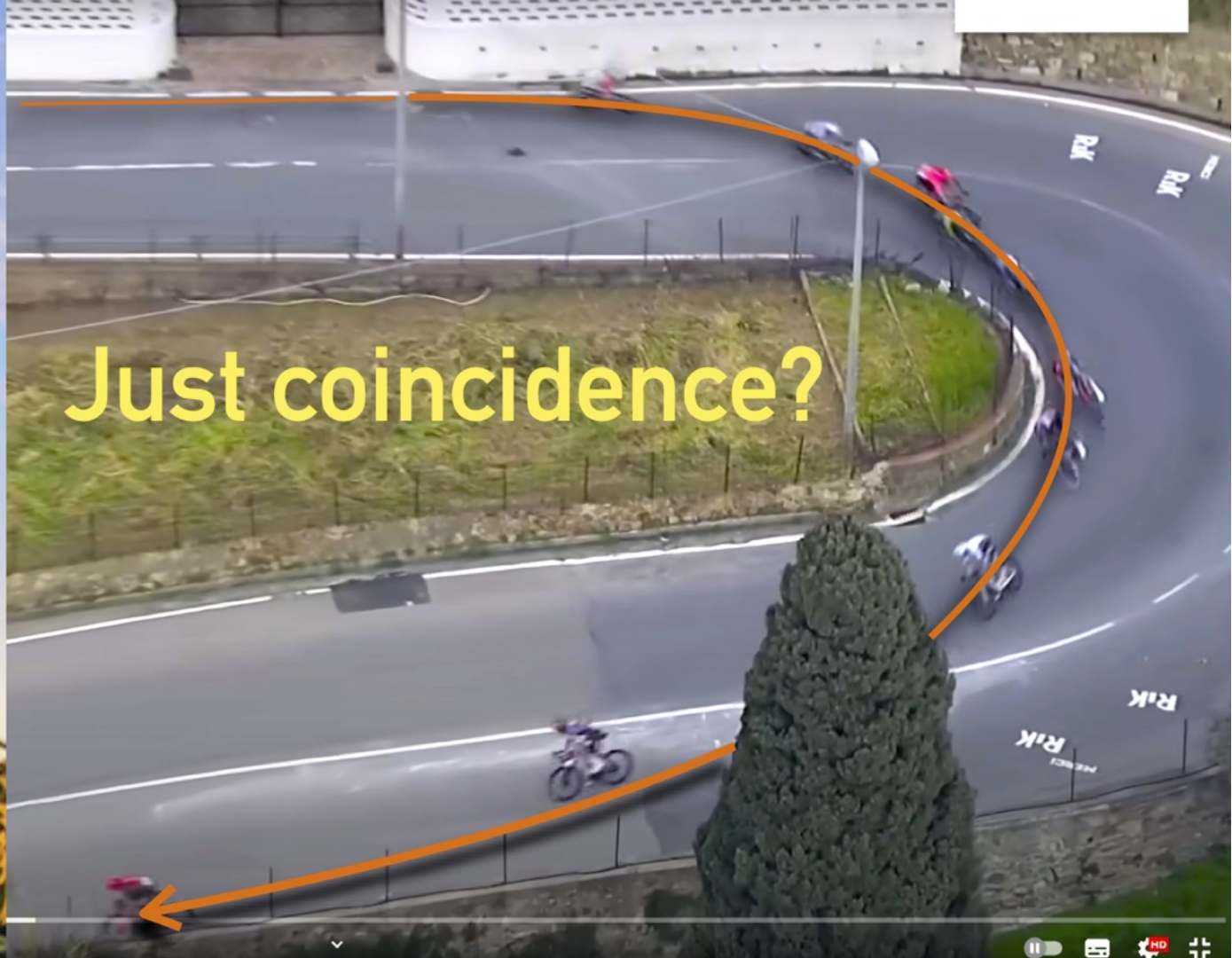




# EXAMPLE #1

“There is a pattern.”

# Cornering strategies - 3D cycling dynamics



# First principles

$$\frac{d\dot{s}(s)}{ds} = \frac{ds}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d\alpha(s)}{ds} = \frac{\delta_n(s)}{\delta_{\max}L} \dot{s}(s) - k(s)$$

$$\frac{dn(s)}{ds} = \frac{1}{\dot{s}(s)} (v(s) \sin(\alpha(s)))$$

$$m v(s) W_{\max} \frac{dv(s)}{ds} = W_n(s) \dot{s}(s) - v(s) \dot{s}(s) W_{\max} \left( mg [C_{rr} \cos(\beta(s)) + \sin(\beta(s))] + k_v (v(s) - V_w(\alpha(s)))^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{d\phi(s)}{ds} = \dot{\phi}(s) \dot{s}(s)$$

$$\frac{d\dot{\phi}(s)}{ds} = \frac{h mg}{I_X} \frac{1}{L \dot{s}(s)} \left( v(s)^2 \delta_{\max} \delta_n(s) + L g \phi(s) \right)$$

$$\frac{dW_n(s)}{ds} = \dot{W}_n(s) \dot{s}(s)$$

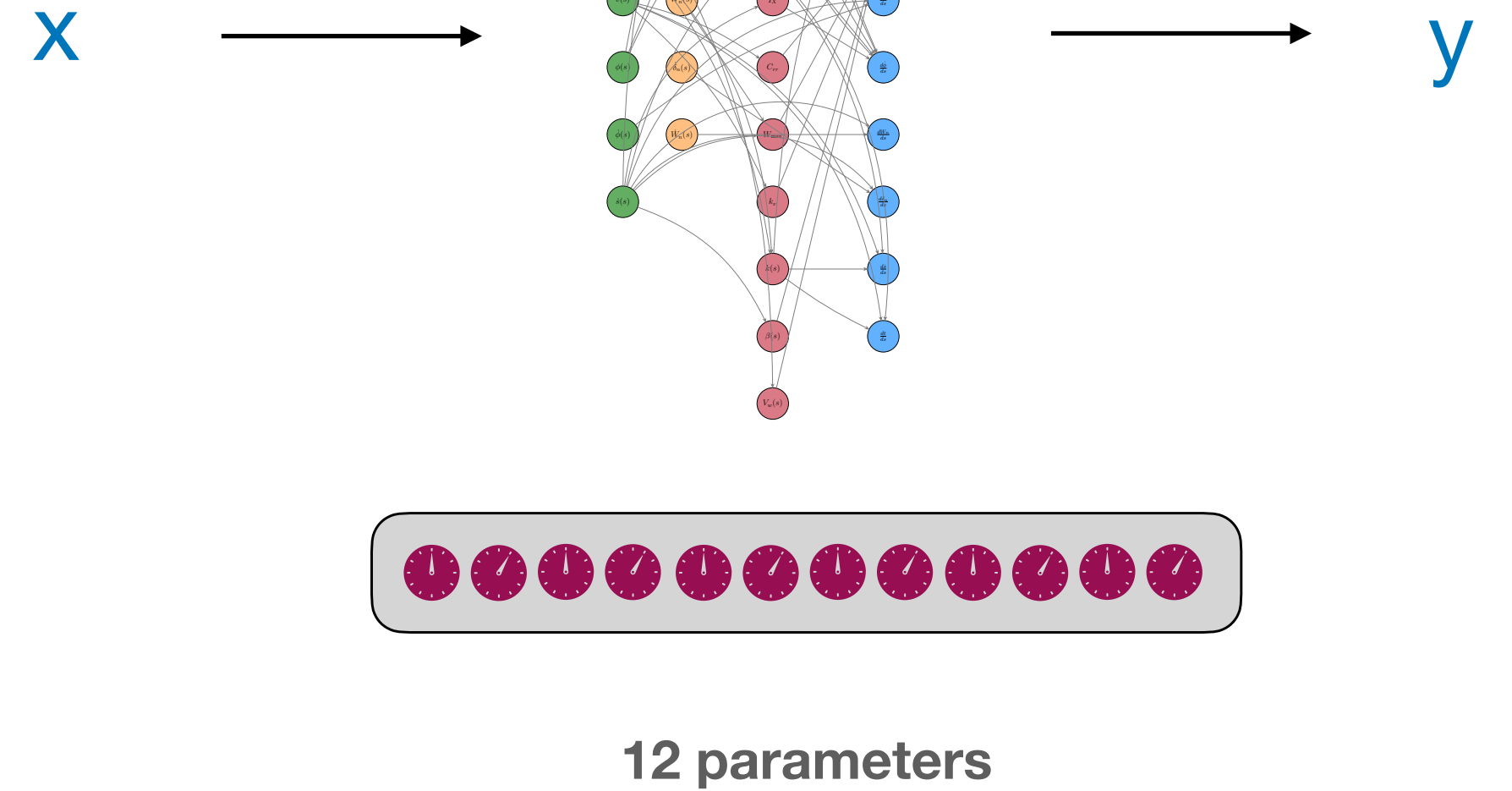
$$\frac{d\delta_n(s)}{ds} = \dot{\delta}_n(s) \dot{s}(s)$$

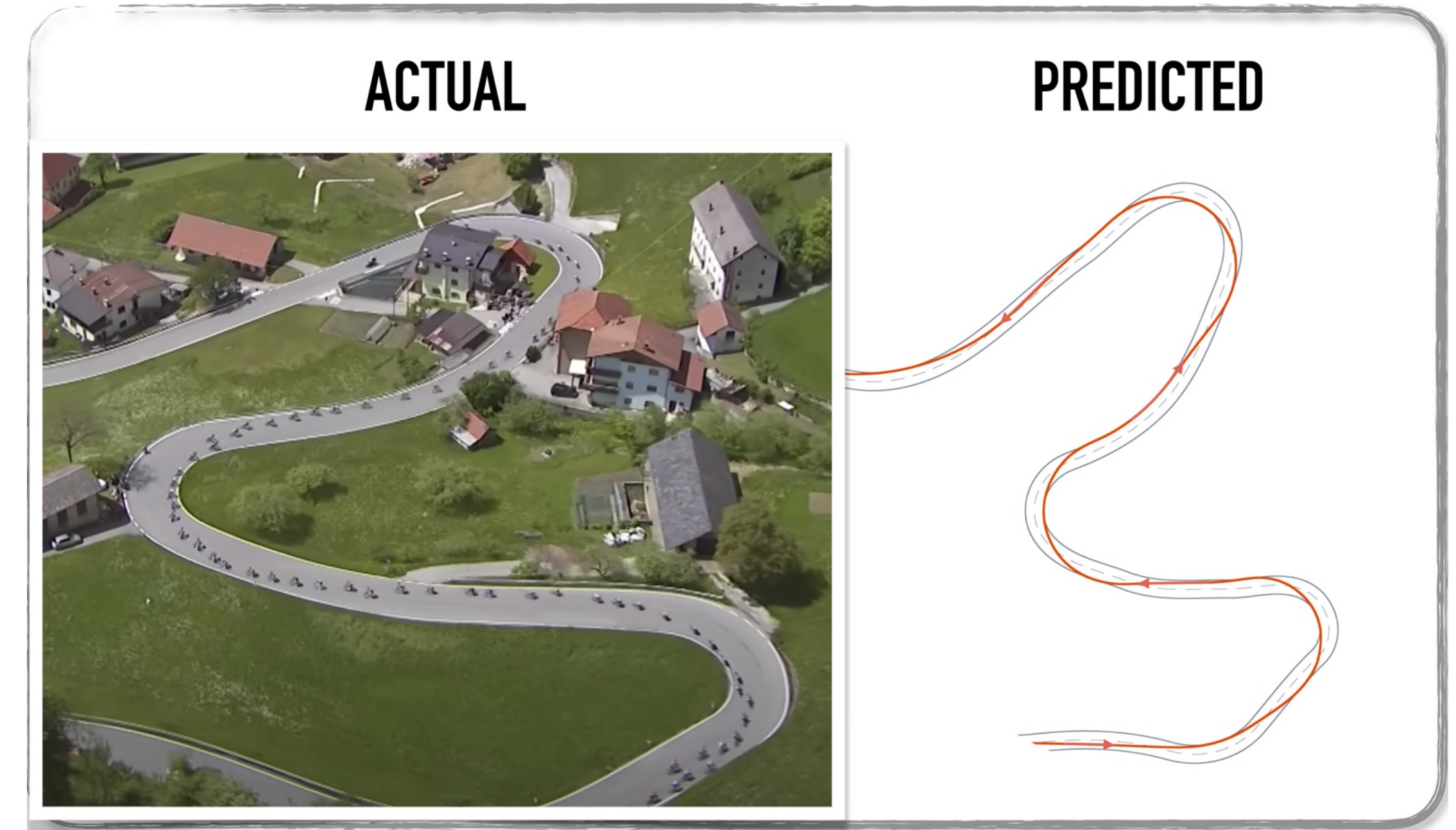
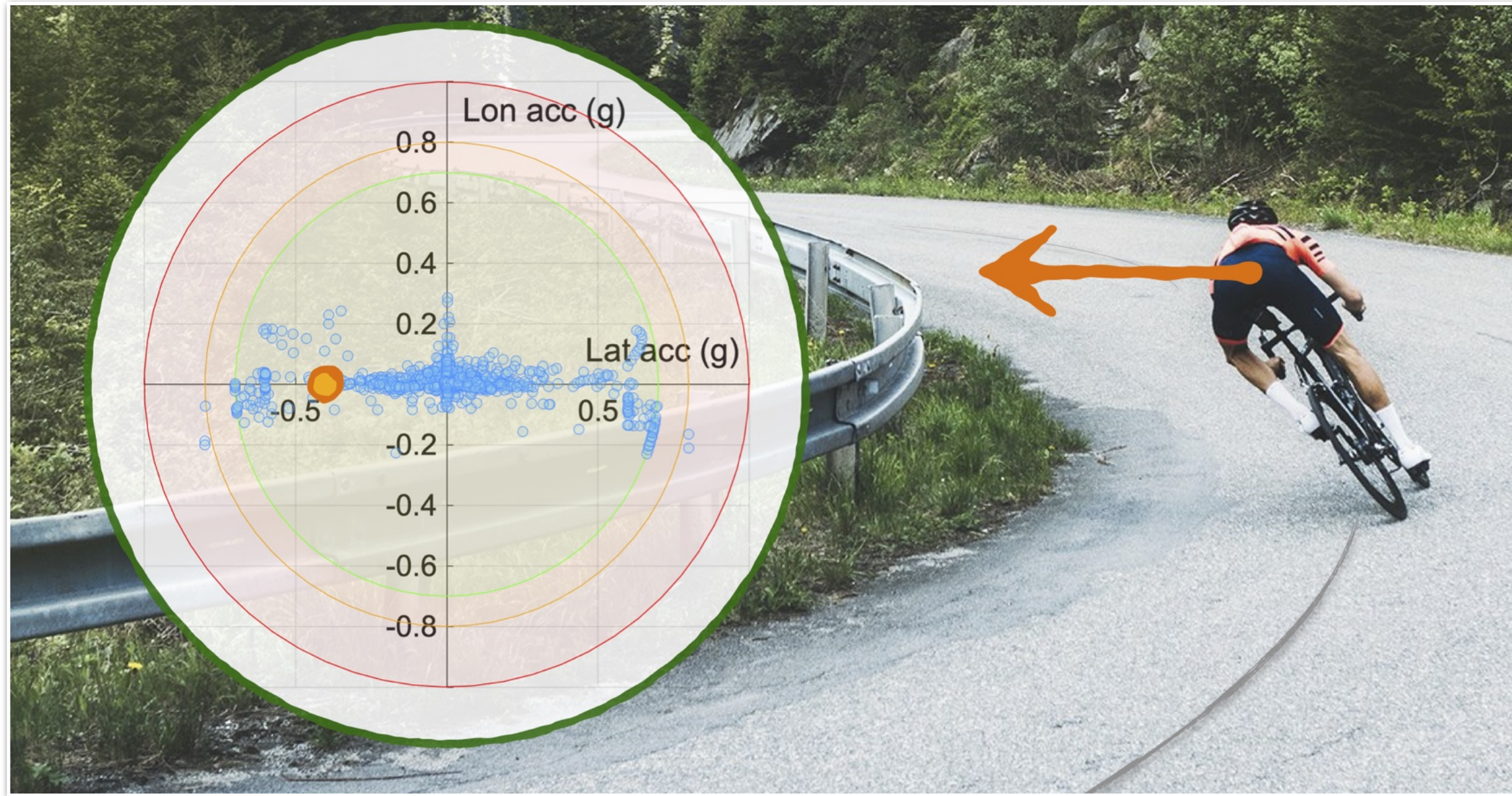
$$\frac{d\dot{s}(s)}{ds} = \frac{v(s) \cos(\alpha(s))}{1 - n(s)k(s)}$$

$$\frac{dt(s)}{ds} = -1 + \frac{k(s)n(s)\cos(\alpha(s))}{v(s)}$$

# Model

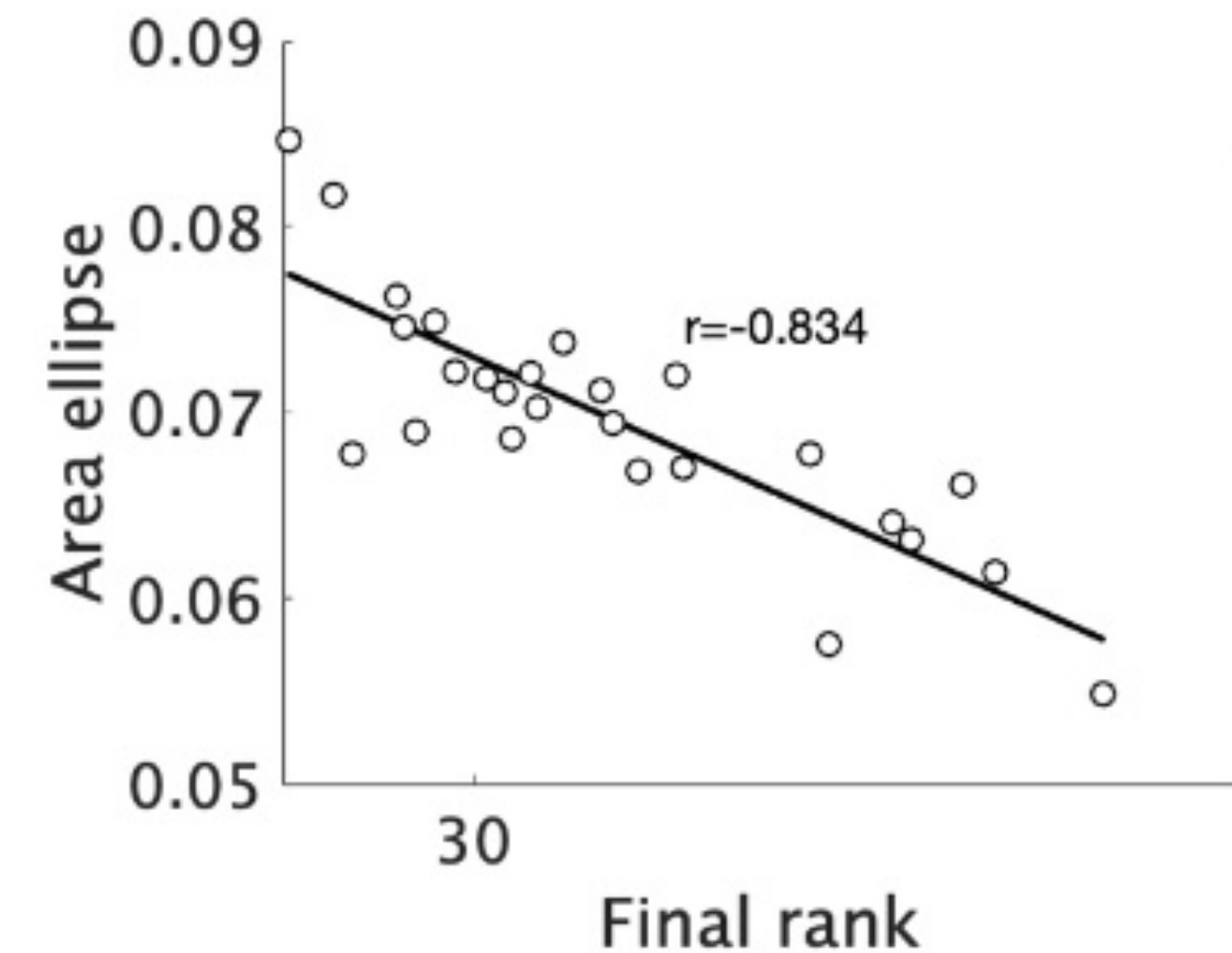
3D cycling model





**A 10% bigger *acceleration area*:**

- 1) Was associated with 20 positions in the final rank in a technical ITT (real-data)**
- 2) Can result in 13'' gain down a 5-km technical section (simulation).**





# EXAMPLE #2

“There must be a pattern.”

# CPET (CPX) Cardiopulmonary exercise testing

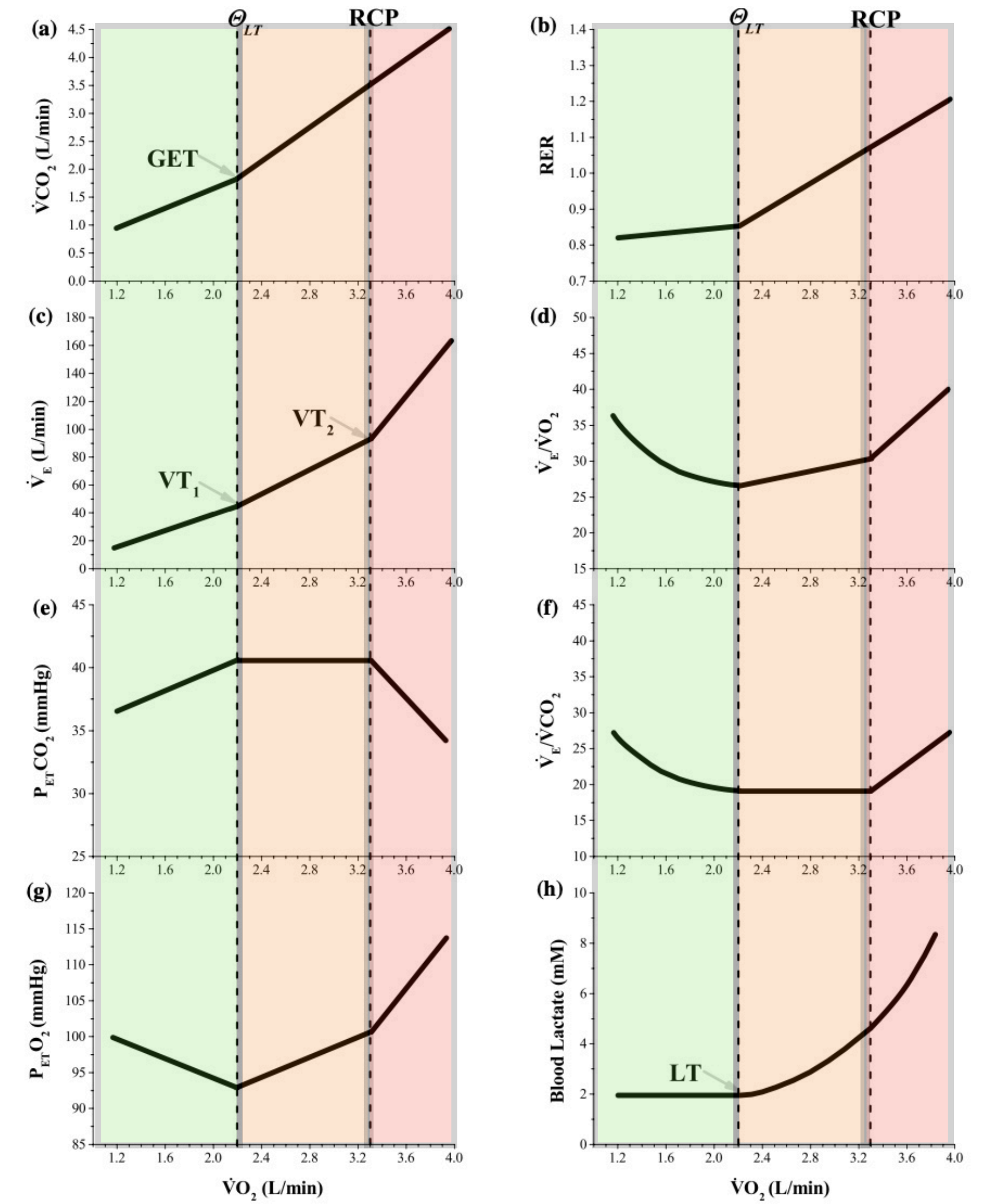
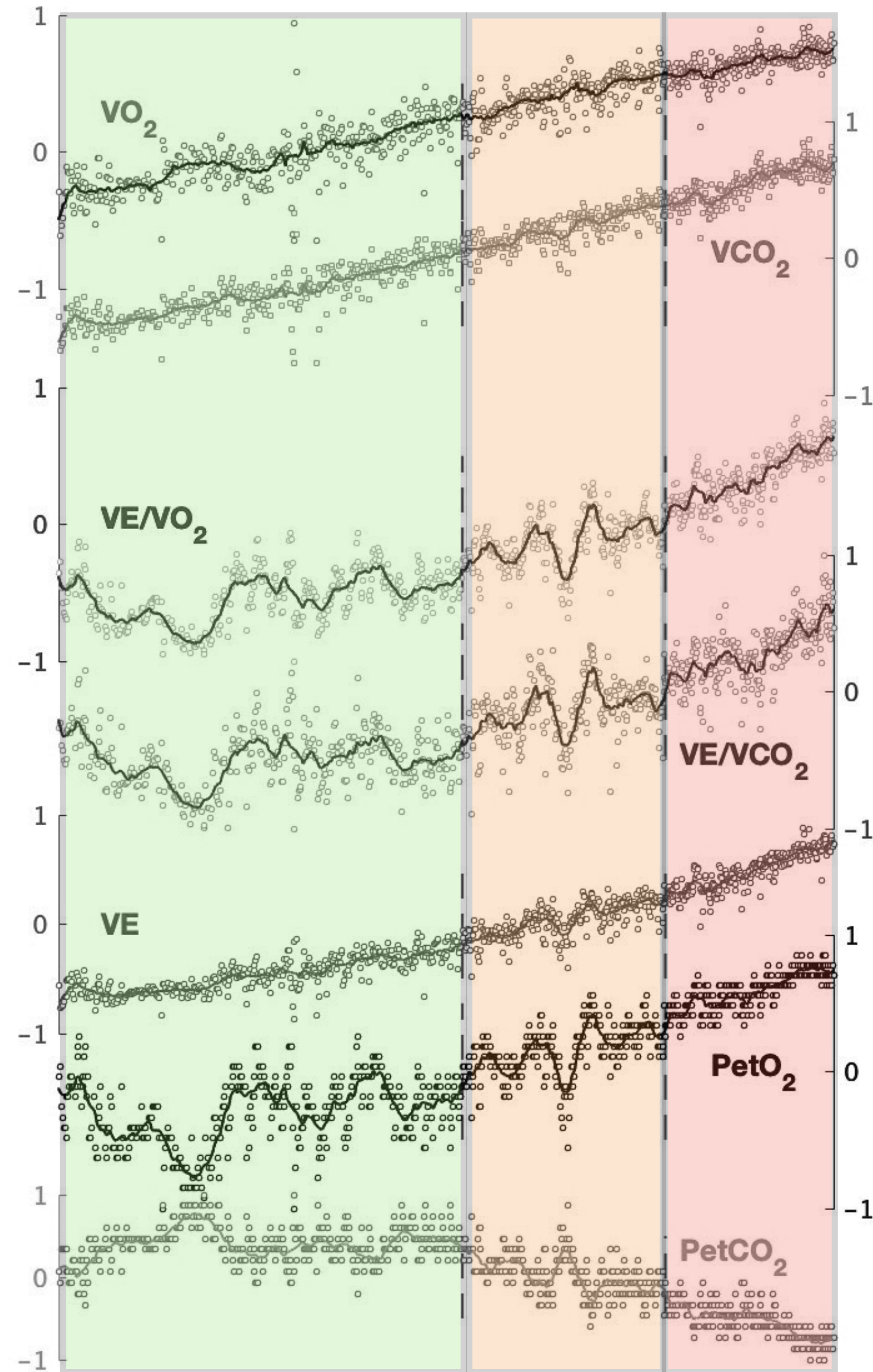
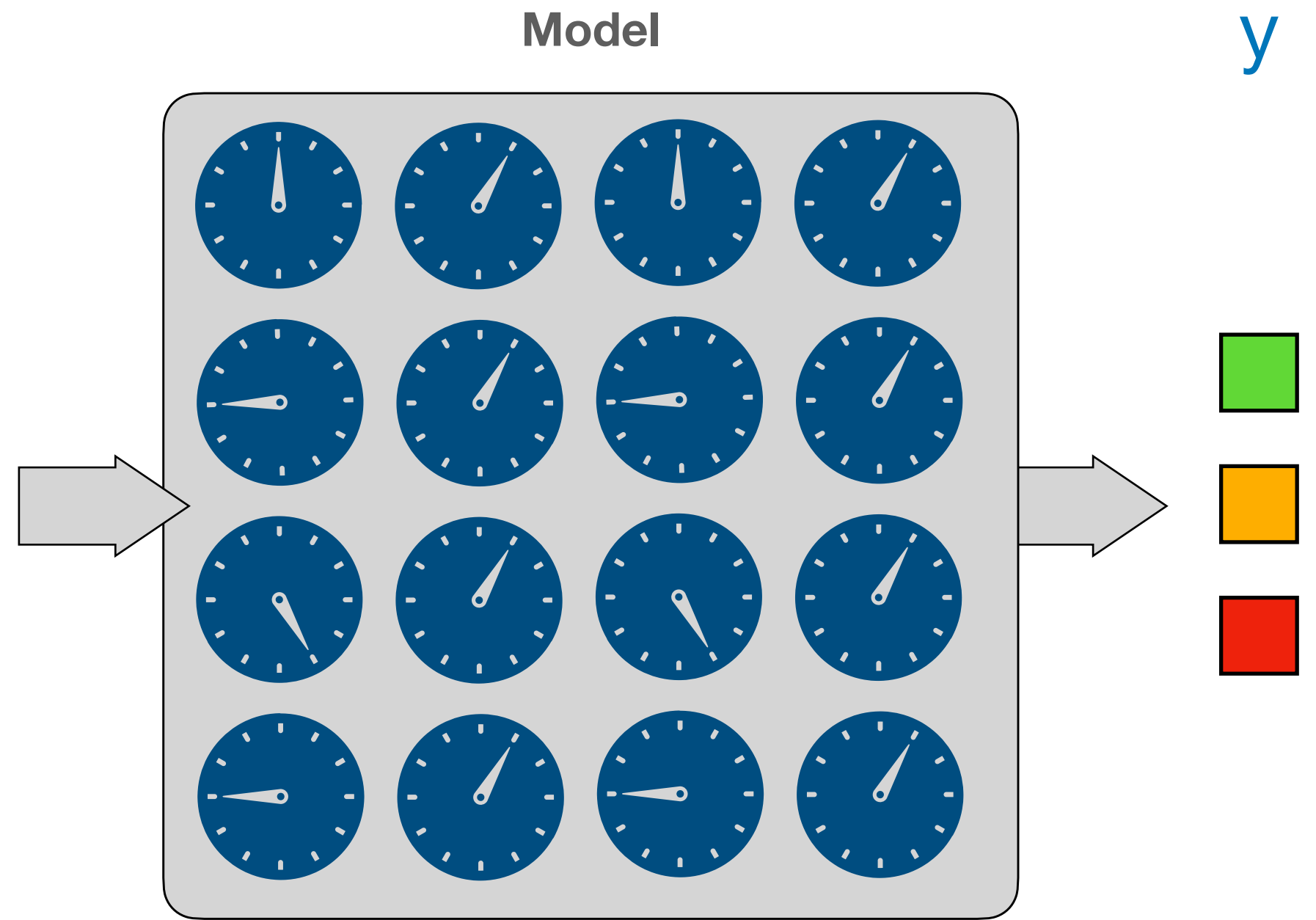
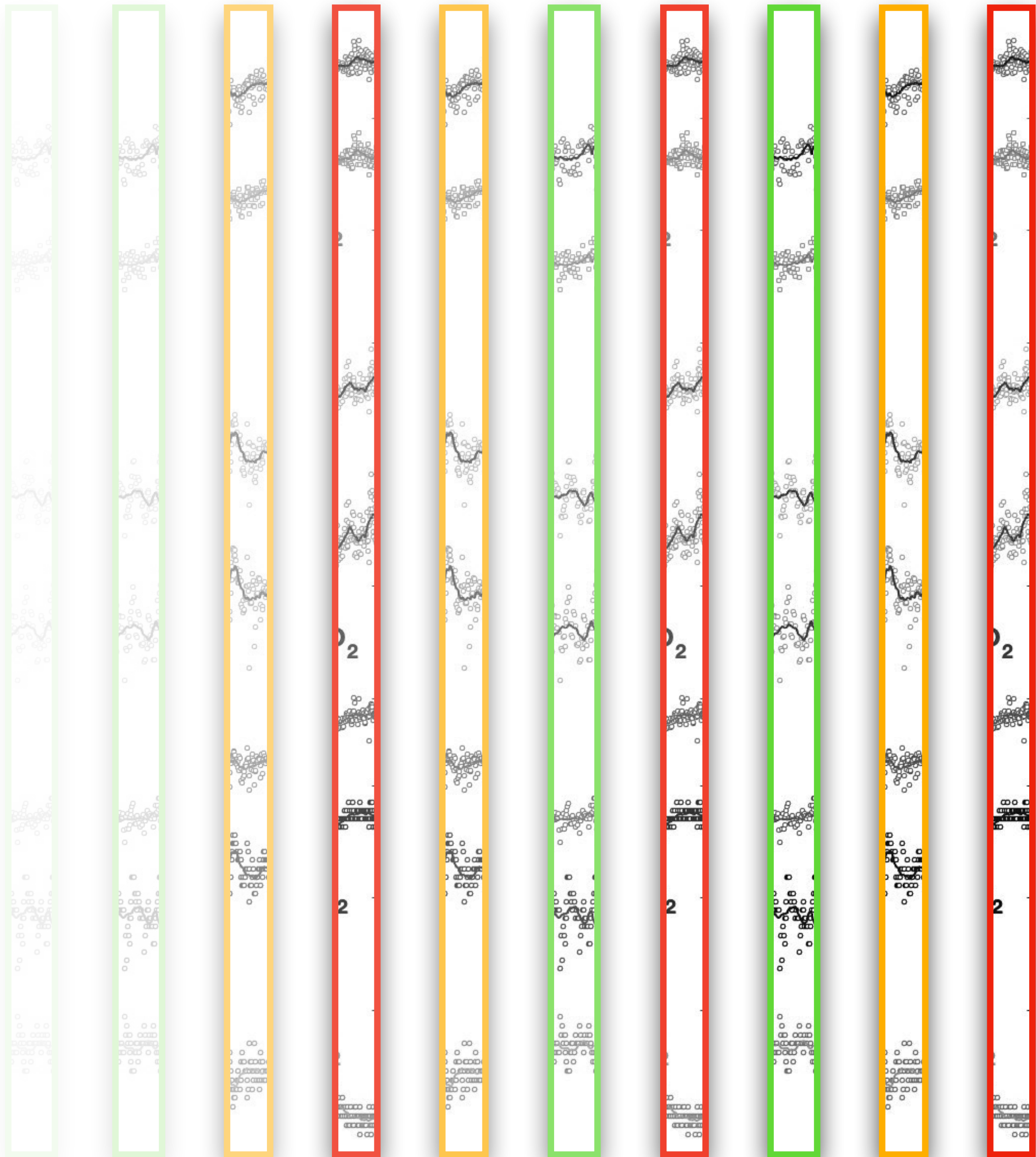


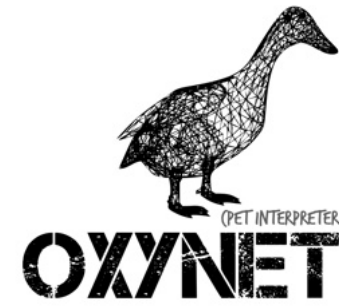
Image from: Wikipedia.  
Keir et al. *Sports Med*, 2022



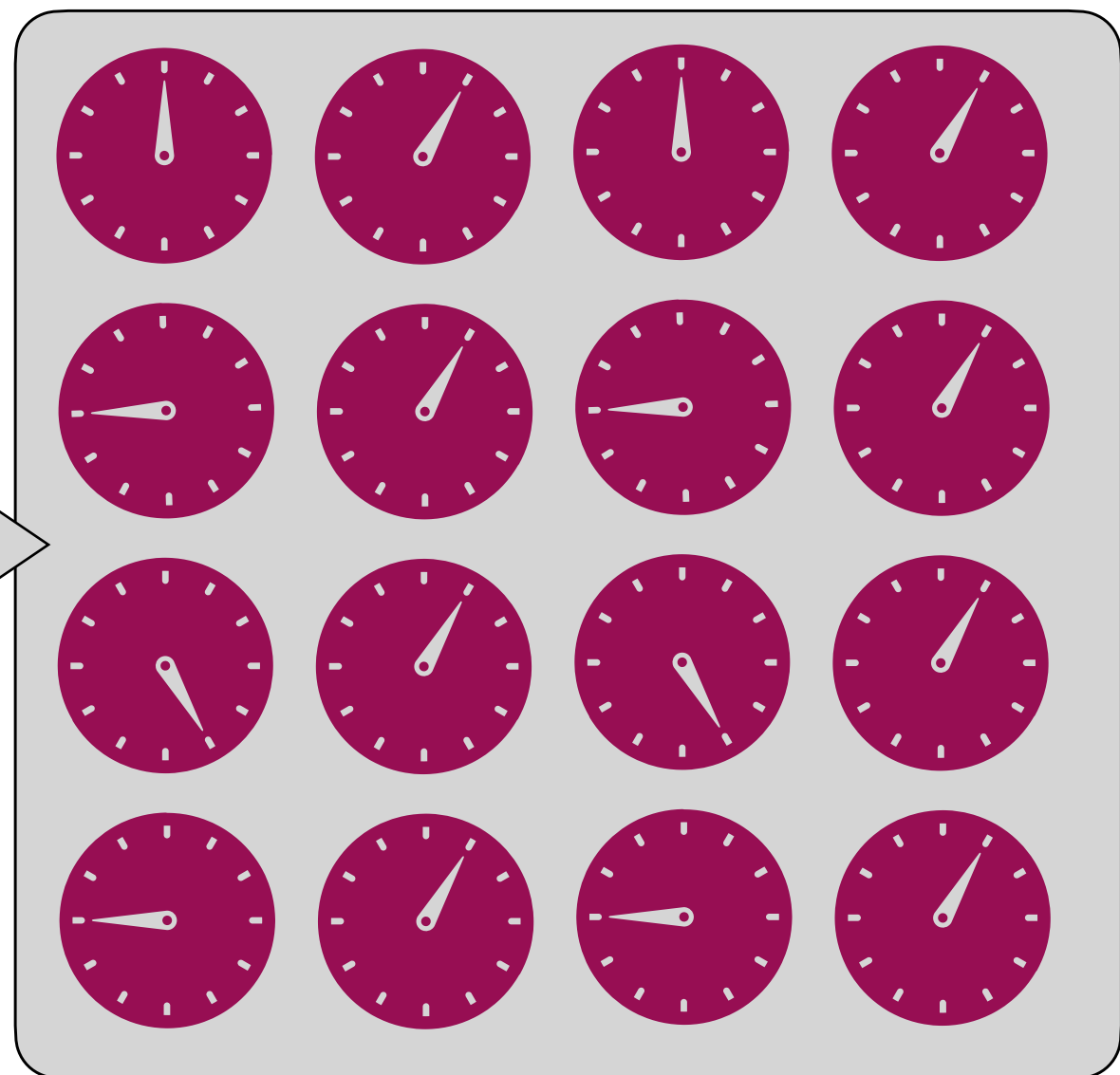
X



?



Model

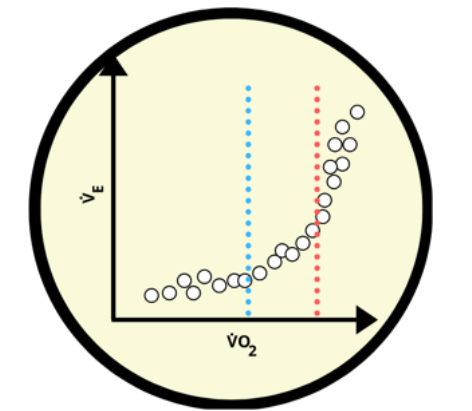
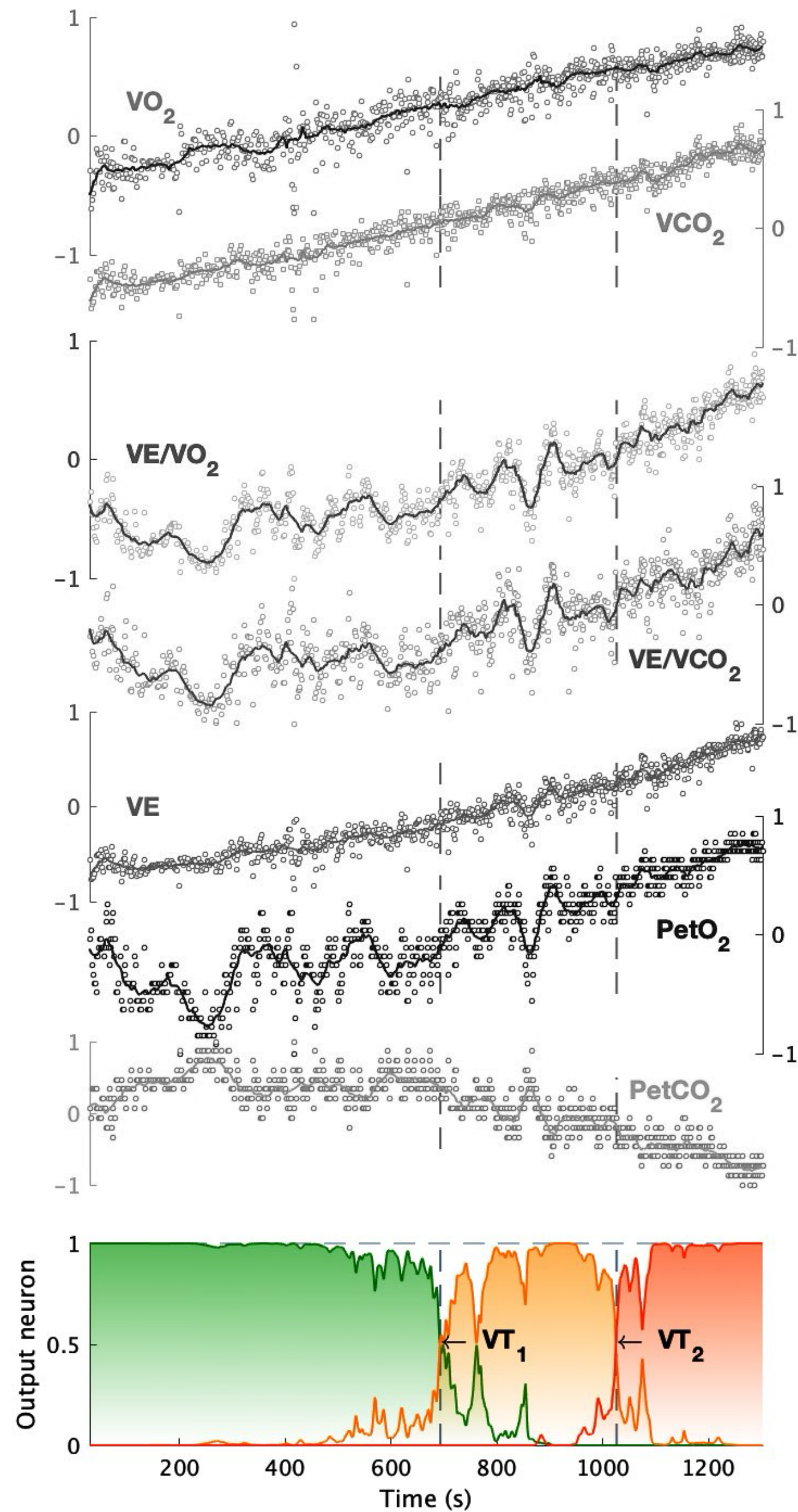


y



CNN/LSTM ~200k parameters

Zignoli et al., EJSS, 2019 and 2022, *Sensors* and *Bio. Signal* 2023.



# Exercise Thresholds App



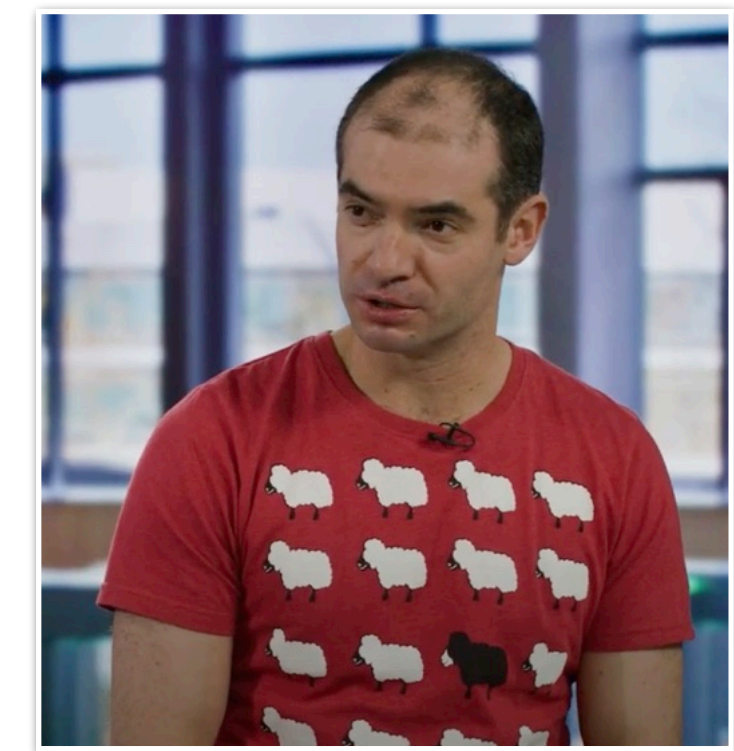
Keir and Zignoli et al., *Sports Med.* 2026.



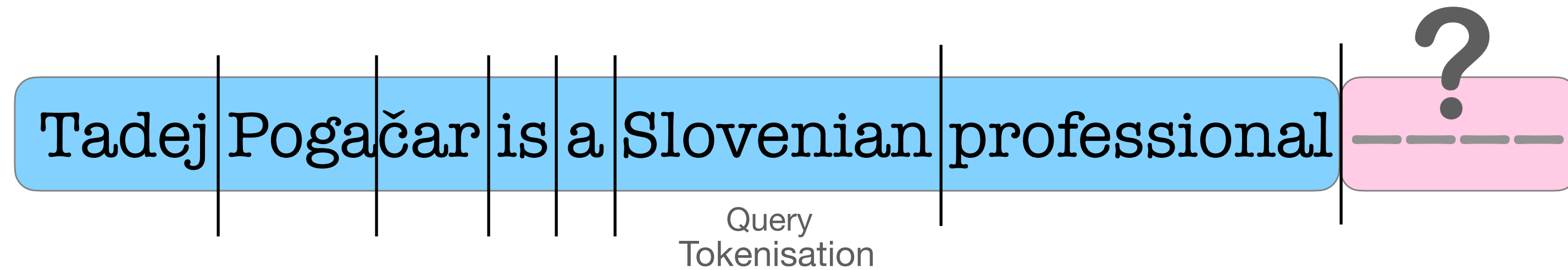
# EXAMPLE #3

“Is there a pattern?”

# How does an LLM work?



By learning the structure in text, the LLM learns about the structure of the world.  
Ilya Sutskever

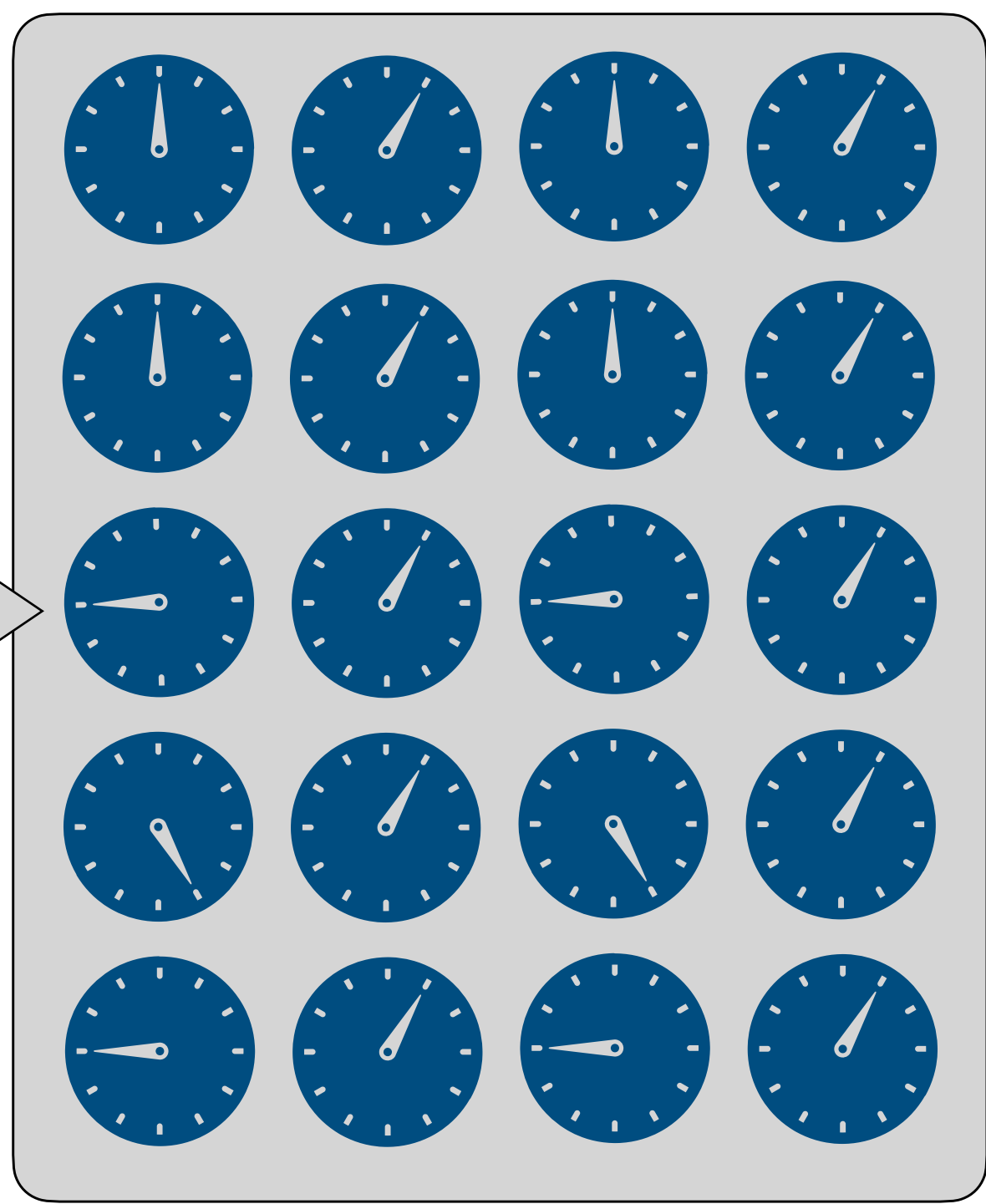


x

1.8 Trillion parameters (GPT-4-turbo)



Embeddings/vectorisation



Transformers/attention

y

**cyclist**

Most likely next word/token

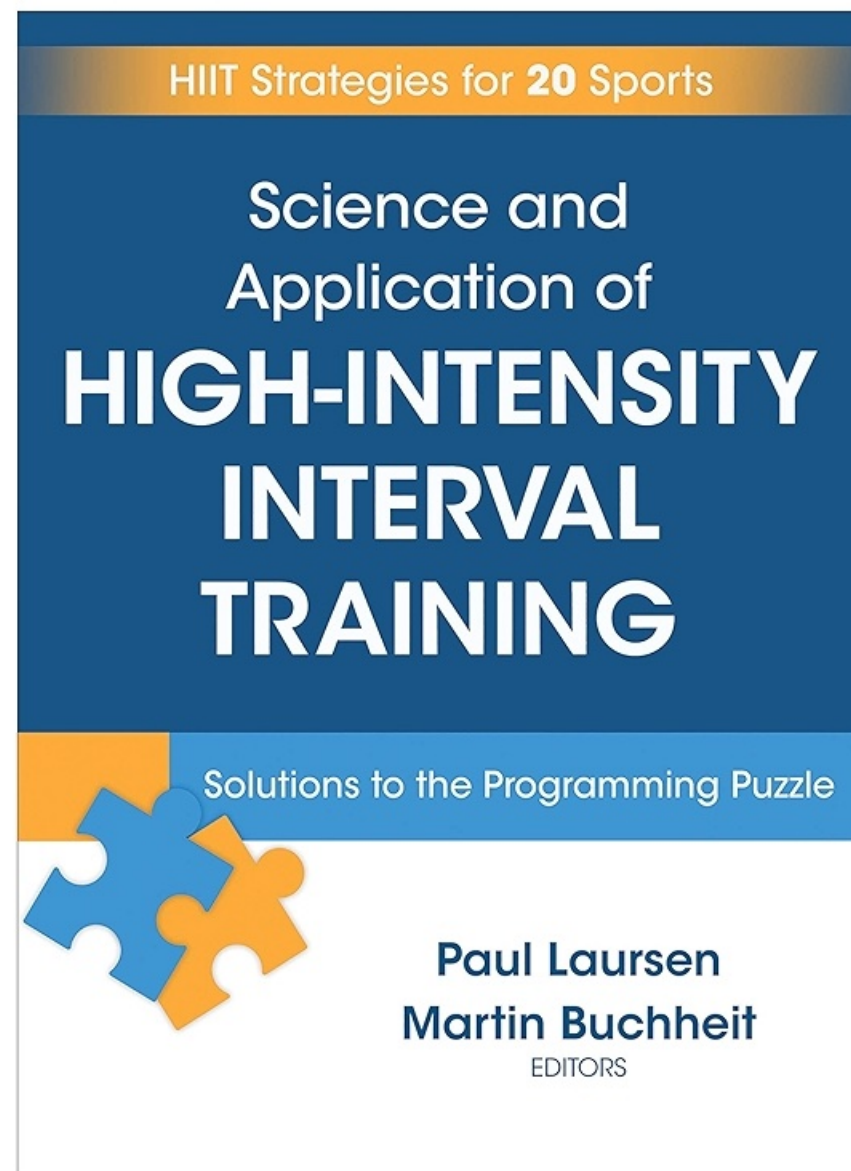
rider

Less likely next word/token

athlete

Less likely next word/token

# Written text



Laursen and Buchheit.  
*Human Kinetics*, 2019.  
Zignoli and Laursen, *Sport Perform Sci Rep*. 2025.

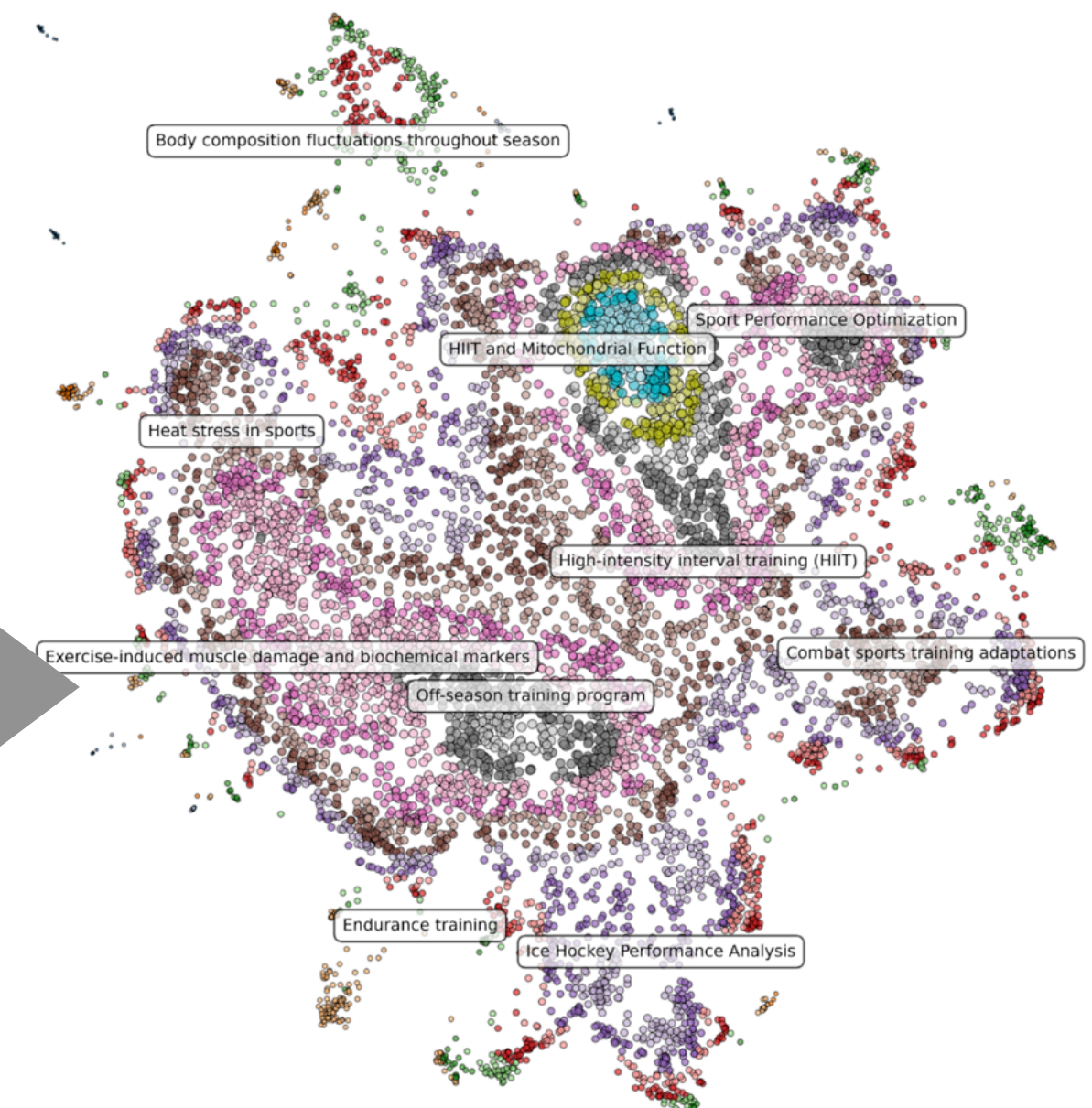
# Model

OpenAI-Embeddings (3-7B parameters)



(Embeddings)

# “Knowledge” map



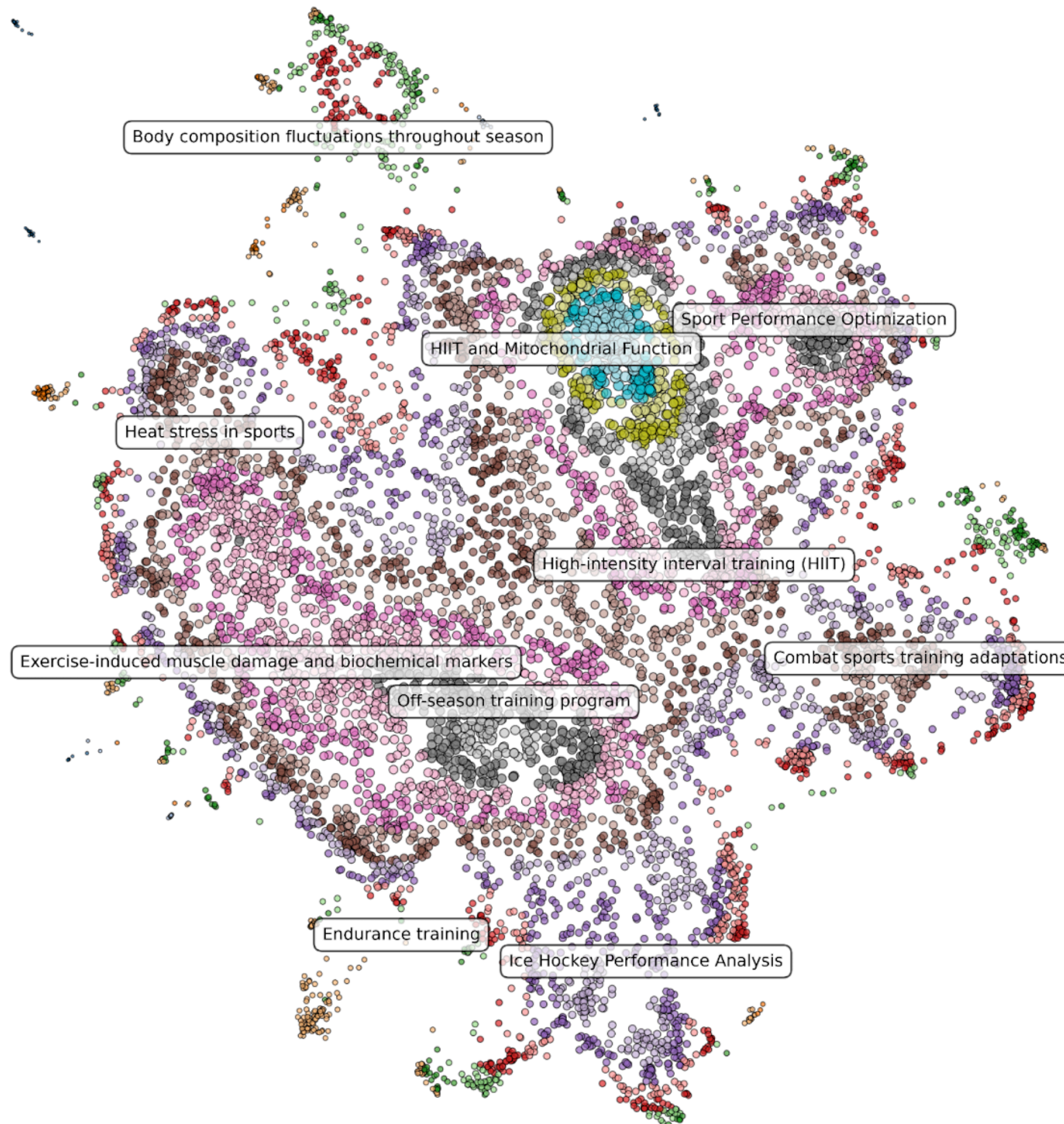
## Coaching question



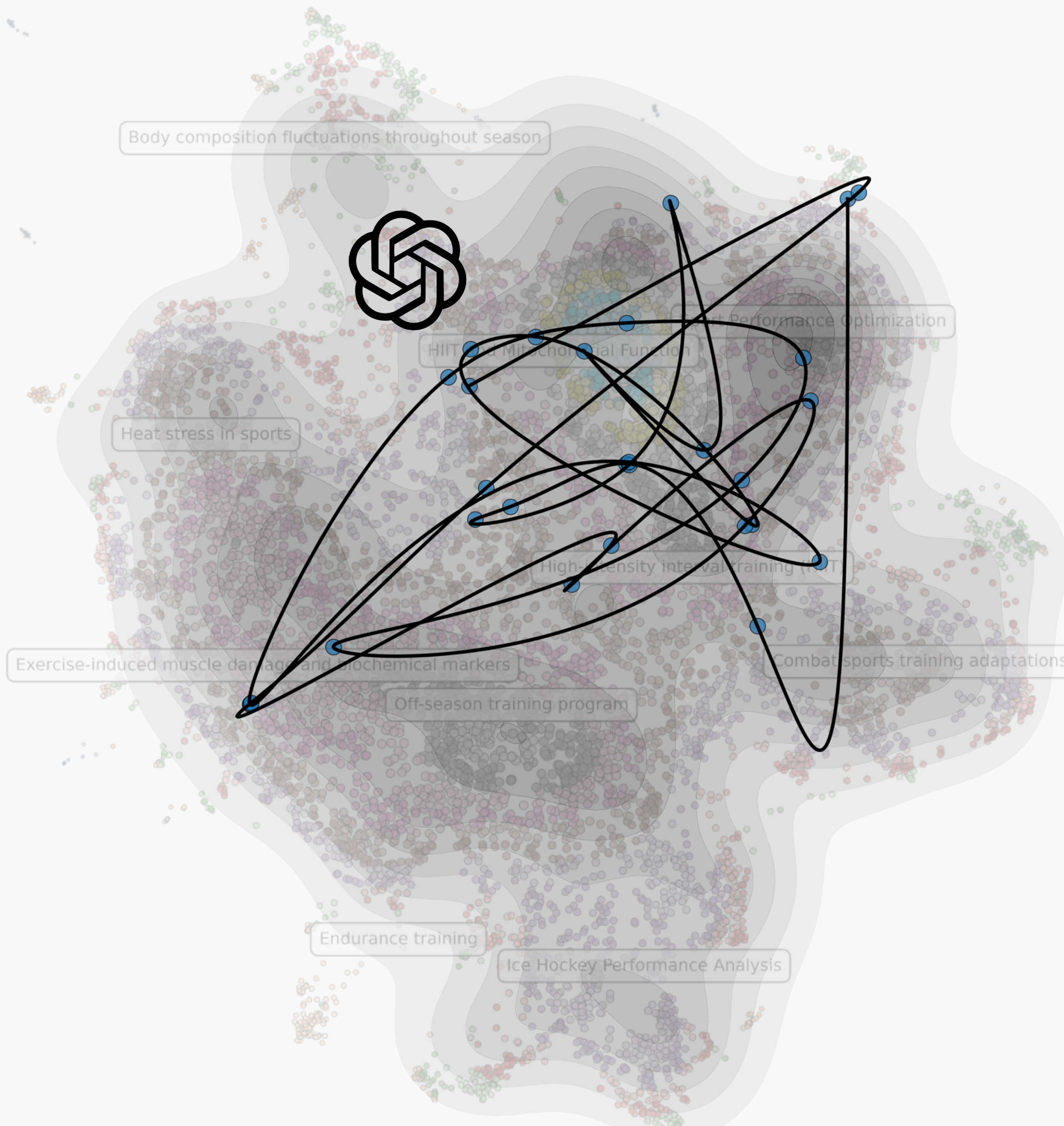
Vs



Given two athletes with similar  $VO_{2MAX}$  values ( $60 \text{ ml}\cdot\text{kg}^{-1}\cdot\text{min}^{-1}$ ), how would you design a 4-week high-intensity interval training (HIIT) block for each, considering their unique profiles and performance goals? [...]







Part of coaching knowledge is structured enough that both humans and language models traverse essentially the same semantic landscape.

---

But coaching isn't only navigation.

- deciding *which* problem matters,
- understanding the person,
- interpreting context,
- accepting responsibility,
- acting under uncertainty.



“Never send a human to do a machine’s job”

“Never send a machine to do a human’s job”

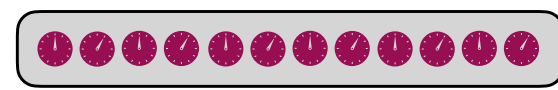
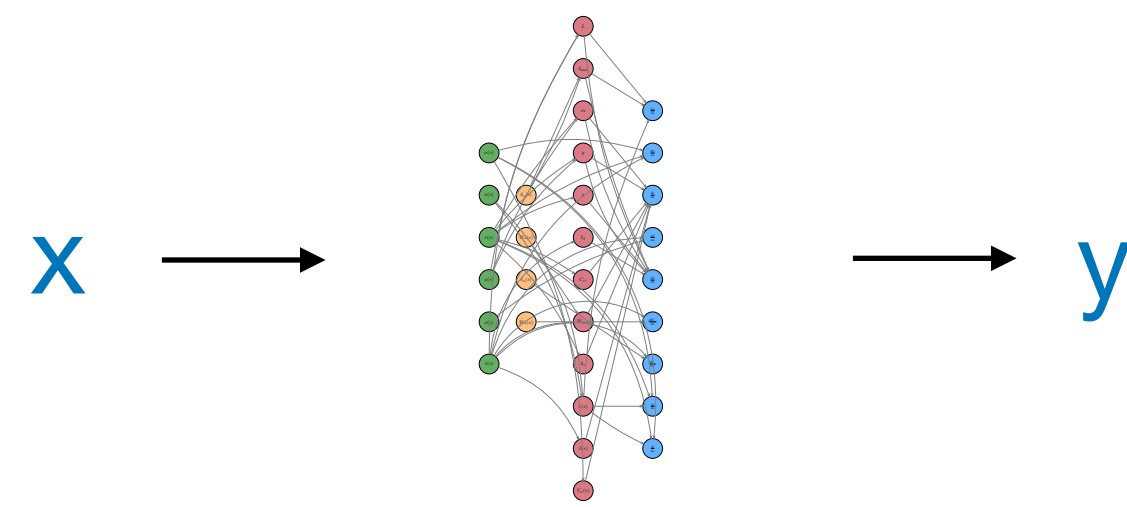


# Putting it all together

Data or structure?

# #1

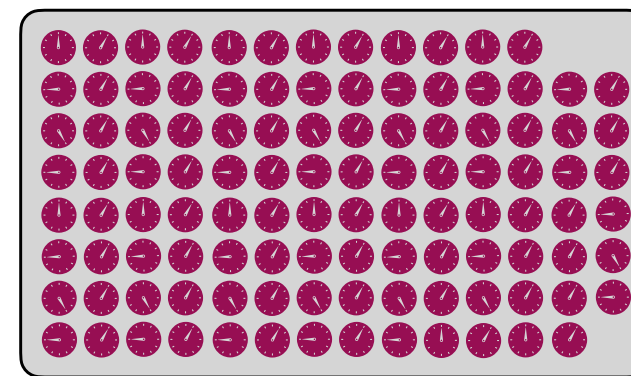
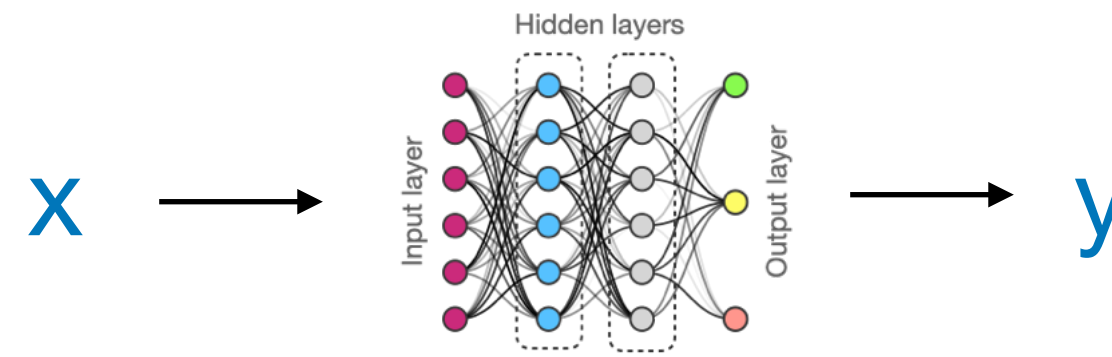
3D cycling model



12 parameters

# #2

Oxynet CNN



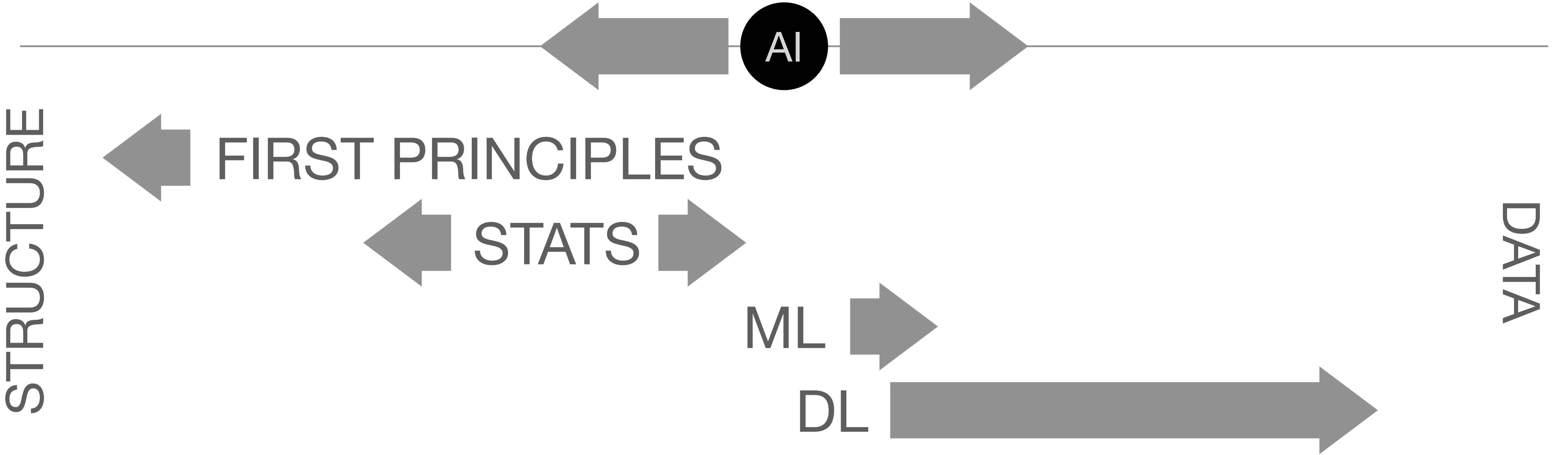
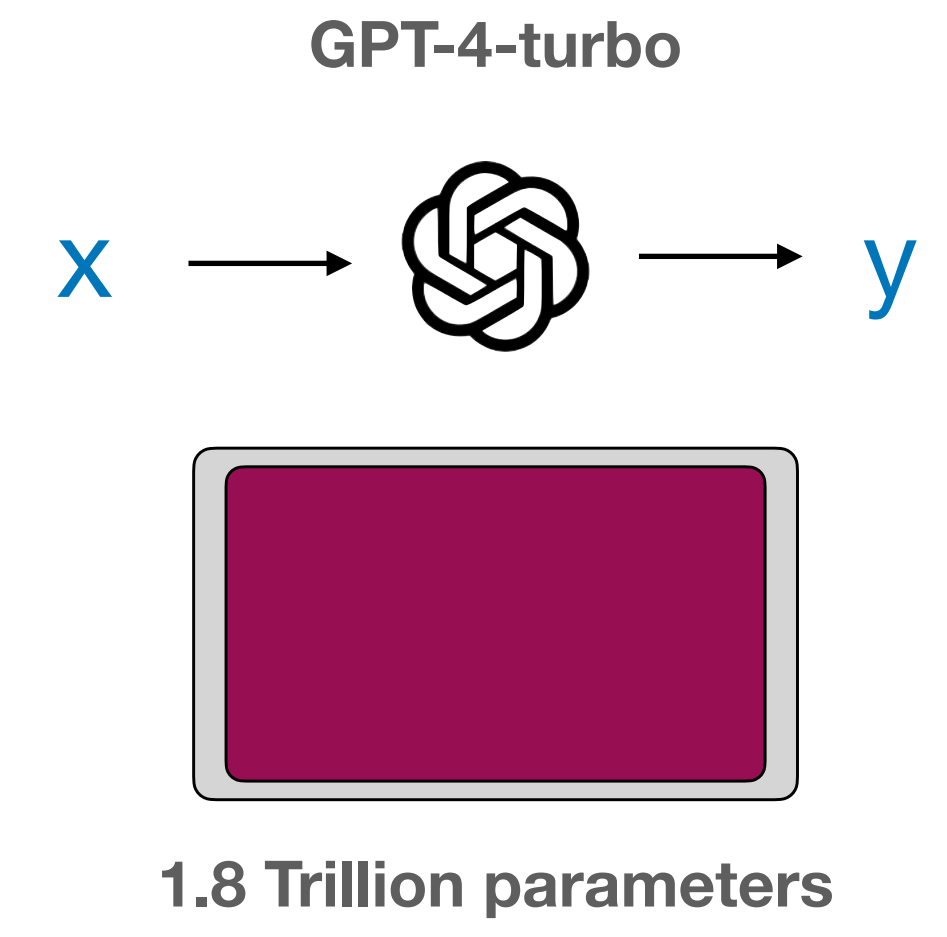
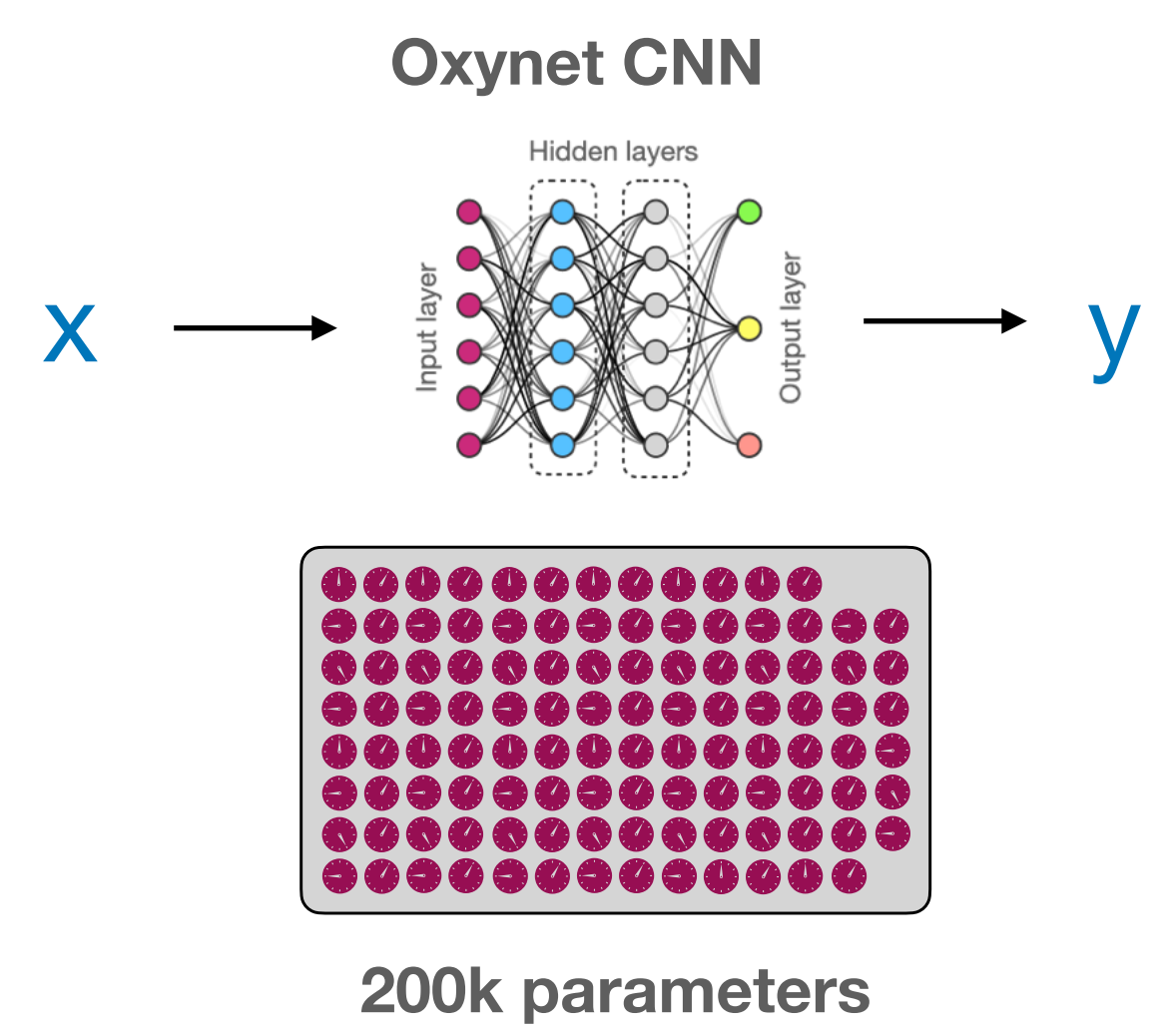
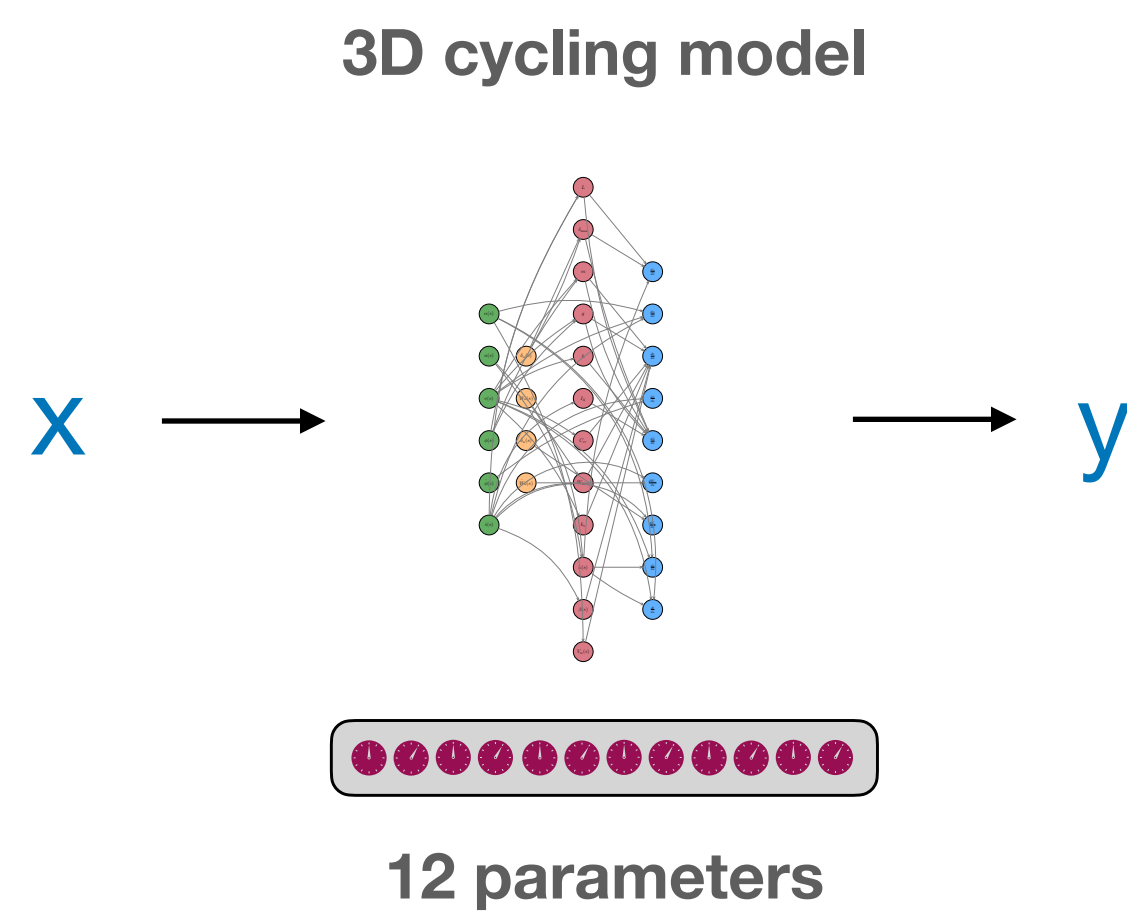
200k parameters

# #3

GPT-4-turbo



1.8 Trillion parameters



Am I using first principles or AI?

ML? Classic statistics or DL?

Is multi-linear regression ML or stats?

Am I using first principles or AI?  
ML? Classic statistics or DL?  
Is multi-linear regression ML or stats?

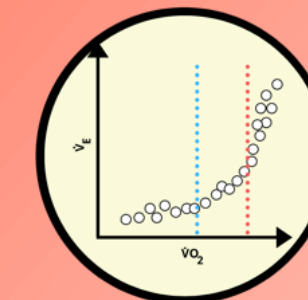
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**Where am I placing my assumptions?  
On STRUCTURE or on DATA?**



# Thank you.

## Rethinking Modelling in Sports Science



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 [andreazignoli.com](http://andreazignoli.com)